Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. IV.] WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1803. [No. 946.

Public Vendue.

On FRIDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogsheads and barrels.
French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate, White and brown Soap, Mould and dip'd Candles } in boxes,
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queens Ware in crates,

FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,
Kerseymeres, Duffils,
Plains and Kerseys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes and Russels,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslins and Muslin Hand'fs,
India Muslins and Table Cloths
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hats,
And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Dec. 27.

Sales by Auction.

On SATURDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

Avariety of DRY GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,	Irish Linens,
Cassimeres,	Calicoes,
Kerseys,	Threads,
Coatings,	Chintzes,
Halfthicks,	Bedticks,
Fearnaught,	Oznaburgs,
Blankets,	Sewing Silks,
Planes,	Muslin and Muslin
Negro Cottons,	Handkerchiefs,
Worsted and other Stockings,	India Cottons, &c &c.

THOS. PATTEN, *Auctioneer.*

Dec. 27.

Window Glass.

The Subscribers have received and offer for sale, 8 by 10, and 7 by 9, window glass, from the Baltimore Manufactory. The quality is excellent, and it will be sold at the Baltimore prices. They expect to receive very shortly, larger sizes from the same place.

R. T. HOOE, & Co.

Dec. 2. d

WILLIAM LADD

Has imported in the latest ships from England and Ireland, an assortment of

Irish Linens and Woollen Goods,

suitable to the season

Oct. 17.

JUST PUBLISHED

By COTTOM AND STEWART, *and for Sale at their Store.*

DEATH ABOLISHED;

A SERMON,

Occasioned by the sickness which prevailed at Alexandria, during the months of August, September, and October; giving a detail of that sickness, and of some of the views of Providence, in such calamitous visitations.

With an Appendix,

Containing facts, relative to the origin of the sickness, the extent of the mortality, the labors of the Committee of Health, and the contributions for the relief of the poor.

By James Muir, D. D.

Pastor of the Presbyterian Church.

December 1. d

Malaga Wine, Raisins, &c.

Just received, per the brig Celia, Capt. Bowen, from Malaga,
100 quarter casks Malaga Wine,
100 half qr. do.
20 qr. casks Mountain Wine of a superior quality,
50 baskets Almonds,
100 frails Figs,
150 quarter bls. Raisins,
200 boxes Muscatel do.
200 do. Bloom do.
15 boxes Lemons,

which will begin landing this day at our wharf.

J. and T. Vowell.

Who have also on Hand,

FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS,

Jamaica Spirit entitled to drawback,
Muscovado Sugar in tierces and bls. superior old Port Wine, do. Madeira do. Turks Island Salt, mould Candles, 40 bls. prime new Beef, Russia Duck, white Russia Sheeting, Drillings, Ravensduck, &c. &c.

Dec. 9. d

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

Has for sale at the corner of Prince and Union Streets,

9 bales India cottons
One case bandanna handkerchiefs,
China, Longee and Pulicat do.
30 pieces Black Satin,
2 cases fur hats,
Table and tea sets china,
Barrels East India Sugar,
Kegs raisins, dipped candles and soap,
Country gin, Malaga wine,
Red soal leather, and about 3 tons first quality Russia cordage, well assorted, which will be sold cheap.

Dec. 5. d

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

HAVE RETURNED TO TOWN,

And are now opening, and will be ready for sale in a few days,

Their Fall supply of Goods:

Consisting of superfine cloths, second do. coatings, fearnoughts, duffile blankets, point and rose do. striped kerseys, plaids, half thicks, cadders, kerseymeres, swansdowns, velvets, corduroys and thickseths, Scotch carpeting, Brussels do. stuffs and corded dimities, canvas and twine, German linens, seine and sewing twine, threads and sewing silks.

And have on Hand,

70 hhds. Sugar,
4 do. Jamaica Rum,
12000 lbs. Green Coffee,
2000 bushels salt.

Oct. 26. d

JOHN G. LADD

Has for sale at his warehouse, Prince street wharf,

3000 bushels coarse Salt,
15 hhds W. India Rum,
30 pipes best Holland Gin,
150 bls. Beef and Pork,

A quantity of Soal Leather and Shoes of all sorts,
50 pieces of Russia Duck,
100 boxes mould and dipp'd tallow Candles,
50 do. Spermaceti do.
7 hhds. and 80 bls. Sugar,
10 do. Molasses,
2 tons of Cordage assorted,
2 cases bandanna Handkerchiefs,
7 bales India Cottons,
1 box Perfumery, 1 do. Fans,

A few Feather Beds with Pillows and Bolsters of the best Ticking,

An assortment of playing and blank Cards,
Bar Iron, Stone Lime refined,
Salt Petre, Ground Ginger, Pearl Ash,
Rice, Starch, Writing Paper, Glass, Hops,
Cotton Yarn assorted, &c. &c.

Nov. 1. d

TOWNSEND & PLUMB

Respectfully inform the public that they have just received and opened for sale, on Fairfax street, near the corner of Prince street, a handsome assortment of Ladies and Gentlemens'

SHOES:

Ladies' kid, Morocco and leather, with and without heels.
Spangled kid, with and without heels.
Misses Morocco and leather.
Mens' fine and coarse Shoes.
Boys' do. do.
Childrens' Morocco and leather, with a number of other kinds of shoes wholesale and retail.

Great attention will be paid to those who will please to favour them with their custom.

Oct. 29. d3m

☞ *Printing in all its variety executed at this office with neatness and dispatch.*

JAMES BACON,

At his Store on King Street, within one door of Washington-Street, has just received, a quantity of well assorted

PATENT SHOT,

which, with a general assortment of Teas, Sugars, Coffee, Wines, Brandy, Spirits, and generally every other article in the grocery line, he offers for sale on the most moderate terms.

Oct. 15. d

WILLIAM OXLEY

Has received by the Ann from Liverpool and Atalanta, via Baltimore, from London,

FALL GOODS,

which he offers for sale on reasonable terms.

Sept. 30. d

Just received,

And for sale by Wm. HARTSHORNE,

A few hundred bushels

RHODE ISAND POTATOES.

11th M. 10. d

Wm. H. and ENOCH M. LYLES,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

By the brig Franklin, from Philadelphia, and are now opening at their NEW STORE, on KING-STREET, next door to BENNETT and WATTS's,

A general and well selected Assortment of

Fall and Winter GOODS,

Which they will sell at the most reduced prices for CASH.

Nov. 5. d

For Sale or Rent.

A convenient two story brick house, completely finished, situated on Water street, between King and Prince Streets—immediate possession will be given. Apply to

JOSEPH RIDDLE.

Nov. 30. d.f.

JONAH THOMPSON & SON

HAVE RECEIVED,

By the late arrivals, their assortment of

FALL GOODS,

which are now opening at their Warehouse the upper end of Fairfax street.

Oct. 26. d3m

To rent for one or two years, the STORE AND CELLAR I at present occupy; also, a STORE AND CELLAR on King street, near MOTT's Tavern.

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF GROUND,

Containing five acres, one mile from town laying between the Georgetown road, and the river, near Mr. HODGSONS, on which is a small House.

SAMUEL CRAIG.

Nov. 19 2taw

JAMES S. SCOTT

TAILOR,

Has received his FALL assortment of

FANCY GOODS,

Which he will dispose of on the most reasonable terms, by the yard, or make up, on the shortest notice to suit the taste of any:

Amongst which are the following;

SUPERFINE black, blue, drab, claret, cinnamon, bottle green, different shades; light, dark, and Oxford mixtures; also, one piece superfine milled French blue, suitable for cloaks; cassimeres, velvets, velveteens and cords all colors; fancy swandowns, Russian ditto, silk moleskin & velvet;—with a number of different coloured coatings and napt frizes, some of which are milled;—flannels, twilled and plain, fashionable and plain buttons, &c. &c.

☞ *Four good Journeymen wanted immediately.*

October 27. d

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 29th of October last, a negro man slave named

BOB,

about 20 years of age, five feet nine inches high straight limbed and well formed; said slave hath an impediment in his speech which prevents his readily replying to a question. He commonly wears ear-rings. He took with him a variety of good cloathing, a description of which is unnecessary, as it is probable he has changed them. He has been frequently seen about town since he absconded, and in all probability is now secreted by his mother, Winney Brown, formerly the slave of Mr. JOHN MUIR, late of this town, but now said to be free. The above reward will be paid for securing said Negro BOB, in any goal, and a further reward of TEN DOLLARS for the discovery of those who have been accessary to his concealment.

Captain's of vessels, &c. are forwarned at their peril, not to take him away.

ROBERT B. JAMESSON.

Nov. 15. d

For Sale or Charter,

The Brig FOX,

About 950 barrels burthen, a staunch, strong, well built vessel, only three years old. A freight to the south of Europe would be preferred. For further particulars apply to the Captain on board at Hepburn's Wharf, or to

LEWIS DEBLOIS.

Dec. 20. d

For Charter or Sale,

THE SHIP

PRESIDENT,

About 240 tons burthen—Two years old, and a fast sailer.

For sale on very moderate terms if taken away immediately,

About 1500 bushels Lisbon Salt,

And 50 barrels PORK.

WM. HODGSON.

Dec. 20. d

For Sale or Charter,

The Schooner Patience,

107 tons burthen, sixteen months old, sails fast and is in fine order to receive a cargo. For terms apply on board at Herbert's wharf, or to

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

Dec. 10. d

For New-York,

The Brig CYRUS,

JOHN JOHNSON, Master:

For Freight or Passage, apply to the master on board, lying at Col. Ramsay's wharf, or to J. G. LADD.

Nov. 25. d

For Charleston, (South-Carolina,)

OR

The West-Indies, as Freight may offer,

The new Sloop

PATIENT SALLY,

MICHAEL FISHER, Master; will carry about 600 bls. and be ready to receive a cargo in a few days. Apply to the Master on board, or to

Daniel M'Clean.

Dec. 13. d

For BOSTON,

The Schooner POLLY,

JOSHUA BANGS, Master,

Will sail in five days.

For freight or passage apply to the master on board at Lawrason and Smoot's wharf, or to

JOHN G. LADD.

December 17. d4

JOHN TUCKER

Has for sale, at his warehouse, King street, near the wharf,

500 Spanish Hides,
35 hhds. green Coffee,
12 do. Muscovado Sugar,
35 bls. do. do.
1200 bushels allum Salt,
800 do. Liverpool fine do.
18 quarter casks Malaga Wine,
20 bls. Herrings,

And Groceries as usual,

which he will sell low for cash, or barter for flour.

Dec. 9. 1aw3w

THIRD NOTICE.

In the Case of JAMES SMITH, *a Bankrupt.*

WHEREAS

a Commission of Bankruptcy, founded upon the act of Congress passed on the 4th day of April, 1800, entitled "An act to establish an uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," hath been awarded and issued forth against James Smith, of Dumfries, in the state of Virginia, Merchant, and he having been declared a Bankrupt—he is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners, in the said Commission named, or a major part of them, on Friday the 9th, and Saturday the 17th days of this present month, December, and Monday, the 9th day of January next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on each day, at the Commissioner's Office, (the house of Benjamin Parke) in the town of Fredericksburg—and make a full disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where his creditors may attend to prove their debts; at the second meeting to chuse assignees; and at the last sitting, the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination.

All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or who have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commissioners shall direct. BENJAMIN PARKE,

Secretary to the Commissioners.

Commissioners Office, Fredericksburg, Dec. 1, 1803. } d

For New-York,

The Sloop Patient Sally,

Michael Fiſher, Maſter;

Will ſail in 3 or 4 days.

For paſſage only, apply to the captain on board at Vowell's wharf, or to

Daniel M'Clean.

Dec. 27. d

BENJAMIN SHREVE, jun.

Has juſt received and for Sale,

40 barrels No. 1 Beef,

4 pipes Cogniac Brandy,

45 bags Pepper,

6 boxes womens' Morocco Shoes,

And a handſome aſſortment of India GOODS.

Dec. 27. d

The Creditors of Enoch Ward,

and alſo of the late firm of *O'Neal & Ward*, are requeſted to meet at Mr. R. Mott's tavern on *Friday Evening* next, at ſeven o'clock, with a ſtatement of their claims, when propoſals will be made to them for ſettling all the claims that may be exiſting againſt ſaid Ward.

Dec 27. d4t

Five Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or Stolen on the 2d December, a BLACK COW, with a white face and wide horns, a crop in the left and ſwallow fork in the right ear. If not ſtolen ſhe muſt have taken the Centerville road, as on the day abovementioned I got her home from Frederick county. The above reward will be paid to whoever may bring her home.

Bryan Hampſon.

Dec. 27. d6t

Douglass and Mandeville,

Have juſt received and for Sale,

20 Boxes } Freſh RAISINS,
20 Kegs }

10 qr. caſks Malaga Wine,

5 trails of ſoft ſhell'd Almonds.

December 22. eo6t

☞ *Sale Poſtponed.*

THE ſubſcribers not being able to have the LANDS advertiſed below ſurveyed, and the Lots ſtaked off in a ſatisfactory manner by Thurſday next, on account of the badneſs of the weather, are under the neceſſity of poſtponing the ſale until Tueſday the 10th of January, when the ſale will poſitively take place.

Charles Simms,
George Deneale,
Edmund J. Lee.

Valuable Property for Sale,

ADJOINING THE TOWN OF ALEXANDRIA.

Will poſitively be ſold on Tuesday the 10th day of January next on the premiſes,

107 Acres of LAND,

Including Mr. Dade's former Dwelling House out Houſes, Garden, Stables &c. adjoining the Town of Alexandria, formerly the property of Mr. Baldwin Dade, *and now owned by* Col. Nathaniel Pendleton, *of New York.*

This Land lies at the upper end of the Town, and fronts on the river Potomac, ſo as to include two good Fiſheries, and runs back between the Town and Mr. Hartſhorne's Land; croſſes the George-town road, and runs between the race ground and Meſſrs. Fendall's, Conway's, Simms's and Fitzhugh's Lots, to Mr. Charles Alexander's back line.

That part of the Land lying between the river and the George-town road, has been laid off into Lots of two acres corresponding with the ſquares in Town, and Fairax, Royal, Pitt, St. Aſaph, Waſhington, and Columbus ſtreets extended, with croſs ſtreets of the ſame width, and will be ſold in whole or half ſquares; the Land weſt of the George town road will be ſold in lots of from two to five acres each, as may beſt accomodate purchaſers. Conſiderable trouble has been taken to render the title clear, and freed from every poſſible incumbrance or proſpect of litigation.

The terms of Sale will be one fourth of the purchaſe money payable on the firſt day of March next, and the remainder in nine and eighteen months, a negociable note will be required for the firſt payment, and a ſecurity on the property for the balance. This property is beautifully ſituated for building Lots, lying in a long ſlip from the river to the top of the hill, which ranges with Mr. Dulany's houſe, and the whole of it fronting with a full view of the Town, and extending back to a range of highly improved meadows; the platt and ſurvey made by Col. Gilpin, may be ſeen at any time on application to

Charles Simms,
George Deneale, } Attornies
Edmund J. Lee, } in fact for
Nathaniel Pendleton.

December 9. d

RAN-AWAY,

From the ſubſcriber living in Fauquier County, a negro man named

ZACHARY.

HE is a very tall black fellow, clean limbed, has loſt the finger next the little one on his left hand, ſtutters much in ſpeaking, and is about 20 years old.

He was at Mr. Travis Daniel's in Stafford, about a fortnight ago, and had a paſs certifying him to be a free man, ſaid to be ſigned with the name of the Clerk of Fauquier. I will give *Thirty Dollars* to any perſon delivering me the ſaid negro in Fauquier county, and all lawful charges, and Two Dollars extra for his paſs, or Twenty Dollars for lodging him in any jail, ſo that I get him again.

JAMES STIGLAR.

☞ All maſters of veſſels are forewarned from carrying him off.

Dec. 16. p3w

CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

DEBATE in the SENATE on the LOUISIANA TREATY.

CONTINUED.

THURSDAY, November 3.

"*An act authoriſing the creation of a Stock to the amount of eleven millions two hundred and fifty thouſand dollars for the purpoſe of carrying into effect the Convention of the thirtieth of April* 1803, *between the United States of America and the French Republic and making proviſion for the payment of the ſame,*" under conſideration.

(Mr. Tracy's Speech Concluded.)

The paragraph in the conſtitution, which ſays that "New ſtates may be admitted by congreſs into this union," has been quoted to juſtify this treaty. To this two anſwers may be given, either of which are concluſive in my favor.—First, if Congreſs have the power collectively of admitting Louiſiana it cannot be veſted in the Preſident and Senate alone. Second, congreſs have no power to admit new foreign ſtates into the union, without the conſent of the old partners.—The article of the conſtitution, if any perſon will take the trouble to examine it, refers to domeſtic ſtates only and not at all to foreign ſtates; and it is unreaſonable to ſuppoſe that Congreſs ſhould by a majority only admit New Foreign ſtates, and ſwallow up, by it, the old partners when two thirds of all the members are made requiſite for the leaſt alteration in the conſtitution. The words of the conſtitution are completely ſatisfied, by a conſtruction which ſhall include only the admiſſion of domeſtic ſtates, who were all parties, to the revolutionary war, and to the compact; and the ſpirit of the aſſociation ſeems to embrace no other. But I repeat it, if the Congreſs collectively has this power, the Preſident and Senate cannot of courſe have it excluſively.

I think ſir, that, from a fair conſtruction of the conſtitution, and an impartial view of the nature and principles of our aſſociation, the Preſident and Senate have not the power of thus obtruding upon us Louiſiana.

But it is ſaid, that this 3d article of the treaty only promiſes an introduction of the inhabitants of Louiſiana into this union, as ſoon as the principles of the federal government will permit; and that, if it is unconſtitutional, it is void; and in that caſe we ought to carry into effect the conſtitutional part.

To this, I anſwer, if it is a promiſe only to admit into the union, and this promiſe is unconſtitutional; while I agree it is void, it muſt be agreed on the other ſide, that it makes the whole treaty void; and that one article in a treaty being void, either from an unconſtitutional, or any other impoſſibility to carry it into effect, puts it in the power of either party to ſtay a fulfilment of any and every part of it. No principle in the law of nations reſpecting the conſtruction of treaties, is better ſettled, than that every article of a treaty, is a conſideration for every other article; and if any one article ſhall be expunged, or its performance becomes impoſſible, the oppoſite party is releaſed from a performance. And my opinion is, that a new negociation upon the ſubject of this very article, and an agreement on the ſide of the French government, to releaſe us from a compliance with this article, can alone render us ſafe, in paying the money. After we have paid the money, the 15,000,000 of dollars—and have fulfilled with ever ſo much conſcientious punctuality every other part of the treaty, yet if we refuſe an admiſſion of theſe people into our union, the French may, and probably will ſay, that to give the people of Louiſiana the full and complete rights of citizens of the United States, was their great and leading motive in ceding to us the territory, and if we deny them that, the treaty is void, and they will take them back again, and give them the enjoyment of real liberty, under the First Conſul. They will be juſtified by the law of nations if they do ſo; but how ſhall we ſtand juſtified if we pay this money, which with the intereſt amounts to 26 or 27 millions of dollars, and finally, get nothing for it; unleſs we call a breach of faith, and a war with France, an acquiſition?

The 7th article admits for twelve years the ſhips of France and Spain into the ceded territory, free of foreign duty—this is giving a commercial preference to thoſe ports over the other ports of the United States; becauſe it is well known that a duty of 44 cents on tonnage, and 10 per cent. on duties, are paid by all foreign ſhips or veſſels in all the ports of the United States. If it be ſaid we muſt repeal thoſe laws, and then the *preference* will ceaſe, the anſwer is that this 7th article gives the *excluſive* right of entering the ports of Louiſiana to the ſhips of France and Spain, and if our diſcriminating duties were repealed this day, the *preference* would be given to the ports of the United States againſt thoſe of Louiſiana, ſo that the preference by any regulation of commerce or revenue, which the conſtitution expreſſly prohibits, from being given to the ports of one ſtate over thoſe of another, would be given by this treaty in violation of the conſtitution. I acknowledge, if Louiſiana is not admitted into the union, and that if there is no promiſe to admit her, then this part of our argument will not apply; but in declaring theſe to be facts, my opponents are driven to acknowledge that the 3d article of this treaty is void, which anſwers every purpoſe which I wiſh to eſtabliſh that this treaty is unconſtitutional and void, and that I have conſequently a right to withhold my vote from any bill, which ſhall be introduced to carry it into effect. I acknowledge ſir, that my opinion ever has been, and ſtill is, that when a treaty is ratified by the conſtituted authorities, and is a conſtitutional treaty, every member of the community is bound by it, as a law of the land; but not ſo by a treaty which is unconſtitutional. The terms of this treaty may be extravagant and unwiſe, yet in my legiſlative capacity, that can form no excuſe for an oppoſition; we may have no title, we may have given an enormous ſum, we may have made a ſilly attempt to deſtroy the diſcriminating duties, yet, if the treaty be not unconſtitutional, every member of the government is bound to carry it into effect.

I ſhall be aſked, Sir, what can be done? To this queſtion I have two anſwers, one is, that nothing unconſtitutional can or ought to be done, and if it be ever ſo deſirable that we acquire foreign ſtates, and the navigation of the Miſſiſippi, &c. &c. No excuſe can be formed for violating the conſtitution: and if all theſe deſirable effects cannot take place, without violating it, they muſt be given up. But another and more ſatisfactory anſwer can be given. I have no doubt but we can obtain territory either by conqueſt or compact and hold it, even all Louiſiana, a thouſand times more, if you pleaſe, without violating the conſtitution. We can hold territory; but to admit the inhabitants into the union, to make citizens of them, and ſtates by treaty, we cannot conſtitutionally do, and no ſubſequent act of legiſlation, or even ordinary amendment to our conſtitution can legaliſe ſuch meaſures. If done at all, they muſt be done by univerſal conſent of all the ſtates or partners to our political aſſociation. And this univerſal conſent I am poſitive can never be obtained to ſuch a pernicious meaſure as the admiſſion of Louiſiana, of a world, and ſuch a world, into our union. This would be abſorbing the northern ſtates, and rendering them as inſignificant in the union, as they ought to be, if by their own conſent the meaſure ſhould be adopted.

(To be continued.)

From the New-York Evening Poſt.

NEW PAMPHLET.

NUMBER VI.

The writer paſſes from Mr. Clinton to Ambroſe Spencer. The following paſſages are ſelected from what he ſays of this gentleman.

"It will naturally be aſked, why, in my remarks on the proceedings of the celebrated council of 1800 and 1801, Mr. Spencer has not been more minutely noticed. He is not entitled to particular attention, becauſe Mr. Clinton has uniformly declared, and the aſſertion has never been doubted, that Spencer acted entirely under his controul; that he was a mere engine ſet in motion to execute the clumſy plans which himſelf had neither courage nor ſkill to accompliſh. He has moreover become ſo odious in the country in which he reſides, and throughout the ſtate, that to attempt to render him more contemptible would be an idle waſte of time. I have already ſtated, that this celebrated gentleman, emerged from obſcurity by the —— of his conduct; that in the triumphant days of our political opponents, he was the moſt outrageous and perſecuting federaliſt in the ſtate. Diſappointed however in his views, and tempted by the *extravagant reward which the republican party offered to federal deſerters*, he, like Armſtrong, quit their camp, and became a zealous ſupporter of the men he had lately perſecuted. The animoſity of an apoſtate cannot be controuled. Savage and relentleſs, he thirſts for vengeance; every public conſideration is ſwallowed up in the deſtructive vortex of paſſion and revenge. Such is emphatically the temper of Ambroſe Spencer, who after his converſion, was introduced to a ſeat in the legiſlature, by his new friends, for the expreſs purpoſes of perplexing and perſecuting his old ones. This taſk was faithfully performed. With fiend-like perſeverance he purſued his former aſſociates and left nothing unessayed to torment the party he had betrayed. If his oppoſition to the federal party had flown from a conviction of their errors, he would have merited applauſe, as far as it was honorably conducted. But being manifeſtly the reſult of intereſted motives, he ſhould have been driven from the ſociety of republicans; and for the honor of the party, appearances juſtify the hope, that this will ſoon be done. His inſolence and pride have been tolerated much longer than his character or his talents will juſtify."

"Inflated with political conſequence, and occaſionally cloathed with a little brief authority, this raving apoſtate has long been inſupportably inſolent and haughty to his equals. But prudently recollecting from whence he ſprung, he is ever humble and obſequious to his ſuperiors. An inflexible profeſſion of virtuous cowardice, he has, with job-like patience, ſubmitted to chaſtiſement, until his ſurface has become impenetrable to the ſeverer[illegible] of the cow-ſkin or the cane."

"A preſentiment of a future fate is not uncommon; it is ſometimes derived from a gloomy and diſordered fancy, and ſometimes generated in a vicious mind. Spencer, like Dr. Dodd, I have heard, is occaſionally tormented with apprehenſions of an ignominious death; a gibbet at times floats before his troubled viſion, and alarms his ſullen ſoul." "It is not my deſire prematurely to alarm the feelings of this gentleman, by remarking either on the proſpect or improbability of this event."

"As the reader muſt by this time be diſguſted with the ſcenes which have been preſented to him in the characters of De Witt Clinton and Ambroſe Spencer, I ſhall not again introduce them to his notice.—Particularly as I propoſe preſenting to the public a ſketch of our political tranſactions during the years 1801 and 1802, in which the conduct of theſe worthy compeers will be more minutely analyzed. As they merit the ſeverest reprobation, they ſhall not be permitted to ſlide out of public notice unchaſtiſed. They ſhall receive the ſame fate and be linked in ***** together.

"If any thing in the preceding pages ſhould bear the appearance of undue ſeverity, paſſion, or invective, the nature of the ſubject muſt plead my apology. In political controverſies I am ready to allow that perſonalities ſhould be avoided except in extreme caſes." "Whatever therefore of perſonality may offend the reader, it will be juſtified I hope, by the provocation which has been given, and the object I have in view."

The writer has now arrived at, what he calls, the main ſubject of the pamphlet; an examination of the "allegations which have been produced againſt the Vice-Preſident, and the proof by which it has been attempted to ſupport them." He then begins with the attack made on Col. Burr in a pamphlet entitled *The View*, and having diſpoſed of that, proceeds to analyze Cheetham's eighth letter, his "boaſted fortreſs." He takes up the evidence produced, and at ſome length enters, with no inconſiderable ſhare of ability, into the diſcuſſion of it. With this part of the ſubject we mean not to meddle: whether Col. Burr is juſtly liable or not to the charges which have been ſo often brought againſt him, we think is not a buſineſs of the federaliſts. We never have made ourſelves parties to this quarrel, nor ever touched it but in a light and ſportive manner, nor is it probable we ever ſhall. Thoſe who wiſh to ſee the cauſe managed with ingenuity and ſpirit on the part of Mr. Burr, will be gratified in the peruſal of this part of the pamphlet, and to the pamphlet itſelf we muſt refer them.

The following paſſages, which occur in the defence of the letter of Mr. W. P. Van Neſs, to Mr. Livingſton at Waſhington, adviſing him after the firſt or ſecond ballot to abandon Mr. Jefferſon and vote for Mr. Burr, and ſtating that "this was the prevailing wiſh of the republicans at Albany" are very plauſible, and will probably intereſt the reader in no ſmall degree.

"It is well known that the conſtitution of the United States, provides no mode for deſignating at a preſidential election, what candidates are intended for the firſt or ſecond office in the government. That in caſe more than one ſhould have a majority of all the votes given, and alſo an equal number, that the Houſe of Repreſentatives ſhall immediately chuſe, by ballot, one of them for preſident. Hence it evidently follows, that in ſuch a conjuncture, the people in their popular capacity, loſe all further controul over the election. Their right to elect a preſident is *lapſed*, and inſtantly veſts in the Houſe of Repreſentatives. To them is tranſferred the ſole and excluſive right, of giving a chief magiſtrate to the union. They then *quoad* that tranſaction, do not act in the capacity of repreſentatives of the people, but as a tribunal deſignated by the conſtitution, under given circumſtances, to perform a ſpecific object, foreign to their ordinary duties.—Every member of that tribunal is abſolved from any previous impulſe he may have received, and at full liberty to purſue the dictates of his own judgment in chooſing a chief magiſtrate. When two candidates are preſented for his choice, he is not to enquire who was intended for the executive office, but which is moſt proper to fill that exalted ſtation, and whoſe adminiſtration will probably be productive of the greateſt public good. Theſe conſiderations alone ſhould govern his deciſion.—By him the election is to be conſidered in an incipient ſtate, totally abſtracted from the influence of all previous tranſactions. Should he ſuffer himſelf to be influenced by intrinſic conſiderations, and purſue what was ſtated, whether correctly or not, to be the public opinion; if in violation of

his own conviction, in direct hostility to his own conscience, he should raise, by his own voice, a man to the presidential chair, through whose incapacity and injudicious administration of the government, his country should be involved in a train of evils, that should terminate in its ruin, how could he justify it, to his conscience, to his God, or the world? It would be directly contrary to all justifiable rules of moral conduct; and that policy which is at war with moral justice, rarely advances the substantial happiness of a nation.

We cannot refrain now from calling on the federal reader to peruse the following independent sentiments, from the pen of a man who avowedly belongs to the democratic party. It is the first time we have ever seen a writer on that side put at hazard his darling popularity, by coming out openly and honestly with his sentiments on the nonsensical doctrine of the *infallibility of the people*—

"The sentiments of the people are certainly entitled to respect when they can be fairly and fully ascertained; but the noise of a faction is too often mistaken for the public voice. Though a majority of the people are always honest in their views, still they are liable to imposition, and through want of correct information, often err. The *doctrine of the infallibility of the people is not verified by experience.* It is a species of cant, by which the most flagrant proceedings are often pursued and justified. The political dogma, that the people can do no wrong, is as absurd, when applied to the popular sovereign of America, as to the hereditary monarch of England. That the people are politically omnipotent is true, but but that they have a moral right to will their own destruction, is preposterous, and could never have originated, but in the heated brain of a maniac. Whenever the people through want of correct information, the artifices of designing men, or the prevailing delusions of the times, warmed by passion, and enlivened by collision, are urging measures in direct hostility to the solid interests of the country, it behoves good men to oppose the heedless torrent, and save their fair inheritance from desolation.

"These observations will doubtless appear to every reader unnecessary, because self-evident; & I certainly should not have made them, had not the iniquity and treachery of opposing the majority of the people, been painted in glowing colours, and stared us in the face from every page of the publications against Mr. Burr. Fortunately the very men who profess so much sensibility and solicitude on this subject, are the last who should have introduced it. How, it may be asked, was the administration of the government transferred from federal to republican hands, but by a systematic opposition to the prevailing party, by unceasing exertions to expose the errors of a majority of the people; and with due deference to their majesty be it spoken, I am not yet prepared to subscribe to their infallibility, notwithstanding the industry of the wise men who have been lately imported, and their affectionate efforts to enlighten them."

He then applies his rod to the posteriors of Wm. S. Pennington, a factious demagogue now living in New Jersey, and of one Mr. Gilbert Livingston, at Poughkeepsie, and of whom we do not remember to have heard before, but if he is *only a poor fool*, as the writer tells us he is, he might as well have been spared notice. In our next we propose exhibiting, in the most advantageous light, the picture which this friend of Mr. Jefferson's administration has afforded us, of the ways and means of making a President of the U. States.

(To be continued)

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

Yesterday arrived within Sandy Hook, where she came to anchor, the British ship Sir Edward Hughes, Capt. Barrow. She sailed from London on the 27th of October; of course, advices by her are not so late as heretofore received. This ship has brought our dispatches for Col. Barclay, and for capt. Cockburn, of the British frigate Phaeton, now in this harbour.

NORFOLK, Dec. 21.

Arrived the English ship Scipio, capt. Houston, from Liverpool.

The English schr. Nereus, capt. Tucker from St. Vincent's.

The schr. Rising States, capt. Brown, from Guadaloupe.

Fairfax Court House.

I wish to Rent, for one or a term of years, the House and premises at present occupied as a TAVERN at this place. The buildings are large and convenient, and others, if necessary, will be made to accommodate a good tenant. Perhaps no situation in the country promises greater advantages in the Public Line; it being now determined that the paved Turnpike Road is to pass this route. Any person qualified for the undertaking, and who wishes such a situation, will please to make application to the subscriber, near the Court House. A store house and land for cultivation, can also be had, if required.

Richard Ratcliff.

Dec. 15. d3w

Wanted to Hire,

A MAN COOK—For one well acquainted with his business generous wages will be given—Apply to the Printer.

December 27. d

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28.

MARRIED—on Sunday last MR. ANNES JACKSON, of Nanjemoy, to MISS HARRIET KIRK, of this place.

The irony and sarcasm exhibited in the subjoined remarks upon the democratic paragraph with which they are prefaced, will remind every classical reader of the pithiness and the pungency of the style of Swift. They are extracted from the

Connecticut Courant.

"But perhaps it is superstitious to use many "words upon the sentiments of a man who in "his capacity of Governor has wickedly dared to "say when speaking on the murderous wars of "Europe, may we not suppose it to be the *de-*"*sign* of providence, that the increase, wealth "and power of this continent should be *promoted* "by their *misfortunes!* How discordant is such "an idea to every known attribute of the su-"preme being. What opinion must the world "form of that man who believes that God makes "one portion of the world happy by making the "other miserable! In our opinion such an idea "is contrary to every principle of justice, moral "or divine." *American Mercury.*

As the Federalism of Connecticut has been pronounced by the sage doctors who have felt of her pulse, to be in a decline, it is natural for her votaries to enquire among themselves the cause of her disorder. If we can find one which is sufficient to account for the effect, it will be unphilosophical, we all know to seek for any others. A decline in the human constitution is most commonly brought on, as the untimely exit of many a fashionable fair one will evince, by appearing abroad in the raw air, with too thin cloathing.

If federalism has been exposed in a similar manner, analogy will lead us to ascribe her decline to the same cause. To prove that such is the fact, a great number of instances might be adduced. But we shall select one only, because that one is sufficient for the purpose. The governor of this state being elected by federalists, and holding the first office the federalists of this state can bestow, must be considered as fully possessed of their principles, their feelings and their views. How imprudently has he exposed all these to the rude blasts of democracy, in his address to our legislature at the opening of the last session! On that public occasion, he had the indiscretion, the temerity, to acknowledge his dependence on the GOD OF HIS FATHERS, and his entire confidence in an overruling providence! He no sooner casts his eyes on the "murderous wars of Europe," than he exhibits without the thinnest veil, the melancholy reflections of a humane mind, excited by the frequent disposition of nations to engage in war; he confesses with an attempt to conceal his ignorance of futurity, that the ways of Providence are deep and unsearchable; he throws aside the coverings of prudence, and discloses a hope founded on his trust in a superintending providence, that it was a part of the great design of him who educed good from seeming evil, to render the misfortunes of distant nations subservient to the increase, wealth and power of this continent.

It is not indeed surprising that Governor *Trumbull*, educated as he has been, in a religion which tells us "the hairs of our heads are numbered," should entertain sentiments like these. Is it not surprising that as a statesman he should perceive that America, remaining neutral during the wars of Europe, has derived an advantage from them; and that as a christian he should feel some gratitude to the Great Disposer of events for a blessing which distinguishes us from the other nations of the earth. But was it not sufficient for him to harbor such antiquated notions and feelings in his own breast, without disclosing them the public? Where was the necessity of intimating, that the ruler of the Universe, in superintending the affairs of nations, acted all by *design?* Why was it necessary thus imprudently to expose federalism? It is to be hoped, that in his next speech, if democracy will be so kind as to suffer him to make another, he will adopt a different style, and make amends for the past, by politely hinting that the world is governed by CHANCE.

MONARCHIC AND REPUBLICAN.

While the American government is allowed to be the purest republic, Great Britain certainly may rank among the least despotic monarchies at present existing. The following comparison then of the expences of the two, as it relates to their chief magistrates, may assist the judgment in deciding which is best calculated to promote the people's welfare:

In England the king's salary is 1,000,000 pounds sterling per annum, which turned into dollars, allowing 4 shillings and sixpence British to a dollar amounts to about 4,444444 dollars and 44 cents. The salary of the president of the U. States is 25,000 dollars yearly, and if we divide 4,444,444 dollars by 25,000 dollars, we will find that the king's salary amounts to 177 times as much as the president's, & 19,444 dollars over, and consequently the king's salary for one year would defray the president's for 177 years. If you divide 4,444,444 by 365, the number of days in a year, you will likewise see that the king has 12,176 dollars every day of his life, and that consequently his majesty's salary for two and an half days would be more than defray the president's for one year: if we again divide 12,176 by 24 the number of hours in a day, we will find that this monarch receives 507 dollars every hour of his life; and if we divide 507 by 60, the number of minutes in an hour, we find that he has 8 dollars every minute of his life.—Moreover, the present king has reigned 40 years; the total amount of the salary which he has received is 177,777,776 dollars: Supposing that our government had subsisted from the commencement of the world, to have existed 4004 years before the birth of Christ and 1803 years since, which added together, gives 5007, the number of years since the creation of the world, the amount which the king has received for 40 years (not to mention the frequent grants by parliament, independent of his salary, to enable him to discharge his debts) would defray the president's salary from the beginning of the world to the present year, and for 2,506 to come!!

[*Plebian.*]

Extract of a letter from Rotterdam, dated October 29.

"The preparations for the expedition against England, proceed with unabated celerity. There are 5000 troops at Ostend; and all the towns and villiages in the vicinity are full of soldiers. Barracks for 20 odd thousand are preparing at Dunkirk, near Abbeville and St. Omers. In the neighbourhood of Calais there is a strong force; and Gen. D'Avoust, who commands the district which embraces Merdike and Ghent, has 60,000 men under him. All the officers to be employed are appointed. There are many whose names have never before been gazetted. But besides these, there are Massena, Berthier, Lecoubre, Andreossi, Soult, Dumas, D'Avoust, Durette, Van Damme, Dumont, and Mormont. These form a vast body of courage, discipline, experience and enterprize. The boats and vessels to be used in the expedition, receive daily augmentation. They are recollecting at various places of rendezvous; and are very formidable in point of numbers.

"Bonaparte is expected at Ostend, about the 10th November; immediately after which, it is said by some, he will embark for England; while others are positive the expedition will be put off until the spring."

From the FEDERAL GAZETTE.

A CHRISTMAS HYMN.

Shall man refuse the strains to join
That raptur'd angels sing?
No—mercy great, and love divine,
Shall wake the warbling string.

God's awful son, in humble state,
And feeble form appears;
Not robes such as bedeck the great,
But swaddling cloaths he wears.

Beneath a stable's humble shed,
Where tir'd oxen stood;
And hay, perhaps, his humble bed,
Disturb'd by lowings rude.

Such was the place and such the state
Of GREAT MESSIAH'S birth;
He that did worlds, immense, create;
How circumscrib'd on earth!

Far in the east, a flaming star
Shone with conspicuous ray,
And led the sages from afar,
To where the SAVIOUR lay.

The God, their conscious hearts adore:
The GOD they pleas'd survey;
And gifts that from their country bore,
With reverence display.

Oh! may his word, with beaming ray,
Our devious paths illume,
Till where he dwells in endless day,
And boundless bliss to come.

GLORY TO GOD that dwells on high;
To MEN on earth be PEACE;
Glory to GOD our souls reply,
GOOD WILL TO MAN ne'er cease.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT an ELECTION for Fifteen Directors of the *Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria*, will be held at the Court House in Alexandria, on Monday the 16th day of January next

By Order.

J. B. Nickolls, Sec'ry.

Dec. 22. eo

☞ Mr. A. Davis, at Richmond, and Mr. T. Green, Fredericksburg, will please publish the foregoing in their papers until the day of the Election.

WANTED TO HIRE,

FOR one year, twenty able bodied NEGRO MEN, to be employed on the Little River Turnpike Road. Good usage to, and punctual payment for their services, may be relied on. Any persons who have, and are disposed to Hire, will please give the earliest notice to the subscriber who is duly authorised to contract for that number, on behalf of the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company.

Richard Ratcliff.

Dec. 15. d3w

For Hire,

A NEGRO GIRL about 13 years old—Enquire of the PRINTER.

December 24. 3t

Wanted to Hire,

A Negro Man or Boy, to attend in a Public House. Apply to the Printer.

Dec. 25. eo3t

Public Sale.

Will be added to Friday's Sales,

One bale of

BLUE PLAINS,

For the Benefit of those concerned.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Dec. 28.

VENISON HAMS.

THE subscriber has received one hundred fresh Venison Hams, which he offers for sale at *Ten Cents* per pound.

John M'Clellen.

Dec. 28. eo3t

NOTICE.

WAS left in the Court House, some time in August last, a light coloured UMBRELLA; at the last court a SWORD in a cane, with a silk head. The owners by applying to the subscriber and paying the cost of this advertisement, may have them again.

James Campbell.

Dec. 28. eo3t

NOTICE.

I do hereby forewarn any person or persons from trusting my wife Mary Wiggins, on my account; if they do I shall not consider myself liable.

Wm. WIGGINS.

Dec. 28. eo3t

Notice.

All persons who stand indebted to the estate of Jesse Pugh, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment—and those who have any demands against said estate are directed to produce them legally authenticated for settlement to

CATHARINE PUGH,
Administratrix,

at the house formerly occupied by Henry S. Earl, Fairfax street.

Dec. 28. eo3§

Valuable property for Sale.

In pursuance of a Decree of the United States the District of Columbia, at the last term, held for the county of Alexandria, Court for will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidders for ready money, on Wednesday the 18th of January, on the premises,

Two unimproved Lots,

or parcels of ground subjected to a rent of £. 13. 6: 0 per annum, situate lying, and being on the west side of Water street, and south side of Franklin street, in the town of Alexandria.

The sale to commence at 3 o'clock in the afternoon

Samuel Craig,
Elisha Janney,
P. G. Marsteller, } Com'rs.

Dec. 28. eo.

This is to give Notice,

THAT we the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Alexandria County, in the District of Columbia, Letters of Administration on the personal estate of *George Kilton*, late of the said county of Alexandria, deceased—All persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the ninth day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this twenty seventh day of December, 1803.

John C. Vowell,
Daniel M'Leod.

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of *George Kilton*, deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the above named administrators, or either of them.

Dec. 28. eo3w

Wanted to Hire,

A Negro LAD about 18 years of age. Apply to MATTHEW EAKIN.

Dec. 27. 6t

For Sale,

4000 bushels of Richmond Coal.

Apply to Wm. OXLEY.

Dec. 27. d

TO RENT,

A three story brick WAREHOUSE, situate at the lower end of King street. Enquire of the Printer.

Dec. 22. d

JUST RECEIVED,

First quality

Bloom and Muscatel Raisins by the box,

Prunes by the box,

Olives by the box,

Grapes by the jar or smaller quantity,

Sweet Oranges, and

A general assortment of Groceries, &c.

T. SIMMS.

Wanted to Purchase or Hire,

A NEGRO WOMAN from 20 to 35 years of age, capable of washing and ironing, and who can be well recommended. Apply to the Printer.

Dec. 22.

☞ Printing in all its variety executed at this office with neatness and correctness.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

To a new, correct and elegant Edition of that truly classical and justly celeorated work,

GIBBON's HISTORY

OF THE

DECLINE AND FALL

OF THE

ROMAN EMPIRE:

By Messrs. BIRCH and SMALL, of Philadelphia, will be received by

JAMES KENNEDY, sen.

at the Alexandria Library.

NO book ever offered to the public stands less in need of encomium and recommendation. It has been read in every European language. To those who have not perused its pages, it may be necessary to observe—that the history of that long and interesting period, from the reign of Augustus to the taking of Constantinople and the death of Mahomet 2d. is no where else to be found in such regular and well composed arrangement. In giving this edition of it from the American press, it is presumed that the publishers render a service to their country. Its superiority will be sufficiently evident from the following

PROSPECTUS.

It will be enriched with Memoirs of the Life and Writings of the Author, written by himself, and will contain near 200 pages more than the London edition, though it will be one third cheaper. It will be embellished with an elegant head of the author; two whole sheet maps, one of the Eastern and one of the Western part of the Roman Empire, and a map of the parts of Europe adjacent to Constantinople. The execution of the work will be in the best stile, of which Russel's Ancient and Modern Europe, the Domestic Encyclopædia, and Tucker's Blackstone, from the same press, may afford a just specimen; in short, it will be the most complete edition of Gibbon extant.

Conditions.

1st. It will be be printed from the last London edition, and published in eight Octavo vols. during the year 1804.

2d. It will be delivered to those subscribers, who take it in volumes, at *Two Dollars* per vol. in boards.

Those who wait for a completion of the work may have it either at *Sixteen Dollars*, in boards, or in good and handsome binding at *Twenty Dollars*, payable on delivery.

King street Dec. 16. 1aw3t

By Authority.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

TO BUILD

A Catholic Cathedral Church,

In the City of Baltimore.

1	Prize of			20,000
1	do.			10,000
2	do.	5000	are	10,000
5	do.	1000		5000
10	do.	500		5000
25	do.	200		5000
200	do.	100		20,000
200	do.	50		10,000
200	do.	25		5000
2500	do.	20		50,000
4000	do.	15		60,000
1st dr. tic't af'r		2000	Having a Blank to its Numbers,	500
1st	do.	4000		500
1st	do.	6000		500
1st	do.	8000		500
1st	do.	10,000		500
1st	do.	12,000		500
1st	do.	15,000		500
1st	do.	18,000		500
1st	do.	20,000		2000
1 last drawn ticket which may have a Blank to its Number,				4000
7154 Prizes,				210,000
13846 Blanks—*not 2 to a prize.*				

21,000 Tickets at 10 dols. each, 210,000

The laudable purpose of this lottery, the many very valuable prizes offered, and there not being two blanks to a prize, are considerations which give the Managers reason to hope for a rapid sale of the tickets. The drawing will commence as soon as a sufficient number of Tickets shall be sold to authorize it; and *thirty days* after the completion of the drawing, the prizes will be paid to the fortunate adventurers; subject to a deduction of *Fifteen per cent.* Such prizes as shall not be demanded within *twelve months* after the drawing is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for the benefit of the Church.

Tickets to be had of the Managers, or of such persons as may be appointed by them.

Managers.

Right Rev. Bishop *Carrol*,
Rev. *Francis Beeston*,
Messrs. *David Williamson*,
Robert Walsh,
Chas. Ghequiere,
Patrick Bennet,
Arnold Livers,
Luke Tiernan,
F. I. Mitchell,

☞ Tickets in the above lottery to be had at the store of T. L. Washington and Co. Fairfax street, Alexandria.

August 13. 1aw

☞ *Cash given for clean linen and cotton rags.*

INDIA GOODS.

I have received twenty four bales of India Goods.

CONSISTING OF

Beerbom Gurrahs,	Gazapoore do.
Beerpoore Cossahs,	Patna Chintz,
Mow Sannas,	Mizzinpore do.
Johanna do.	Blue Gilla Hhfs.
Mamarapoore do.	Sooty Romall do.
Jallapoore do.	

Benjamin Shreve.

Dec. 12. d

BENNETT and WATTS

HAVE IMPORTED,

Per the ship Shepherdess, from London, via Norfolk,

SHAD and HERRING TWINE

of a superior quality,

Fashionable London made Hats,
Irish Linens from 1/10 to 4/ 10 sterling,
Sewing Silks, best London Pewter,
Best British FF and battle Gunpowder.

They expect, by the first arrival from New York,

Russia Sheetings and Patent Shot,

BB to No. 8, &c. &c.

Dec. 17. eo2w

Notice is hereby Given,

That we the subscribers, in pursuance of several decrees of the High Court of Chancery, held at the City of Richmond, dated on the 22d day September, 1801, and the 1st of October, 1801, the 26th of March, and 15th September, 1802, shall proceed to sell on the premises, hereinafter mentioned, to the highest bidder, on Friday the 3d day of February next, if fair, if not the next fair day, *for ready money,*

A Tract of Land,

SITUATE, lying and being on Bull Run, in the county of Prince William, on which Mr. William Armstead now lives, containing eleven hundred and forty acres, being the remainder of the land of John Armstead, deceased, of Caroline county, in the said county of Prince William, devised by him to his son, the aforesaid William Armstead: on this land there are a comfortable and commodious dwelling house, and other necessary out houses, and a stable and barn. The soil is good, and there is a sufficient quantity of timber for its support. It is expected that those who wish to purchase will examine the land. It is situated in a healthy and genteel neighbourhood; its distance is about three miles from Hay Market, twenty five miles from Dumfries, and thirty five miles from Alexandria.

Thos. Lee, sen.
Gerard Alexander,
Bernard Hooe, jun. } *Com'rs.*

Dec. 25.

Notice is hereby given,

To the Stockholders of the BANK OF ALEXANDRIA, that an Election will be held at the Court house in this Town, on the third Monday in January next, for the purpose of choosing nine Directors of said Bank for the ensuing year, agreeable to charter.

By order of the President and Directors.

GURDEN CHAPIN, *Cashier.*

December 15, eode

☞ The Printers of the Virginia Gazette, Richmond; Virgina Herald, Fredericksburg; & the Virgina Centinel, Winchester, are requested to insert the above till the day of election.

To be Sold,

Pursuant to the last Will and Testament of Mann Page, deceased, on Monday the 2d day of January next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, at Mannsfield, his late residence,

All the personal Property belonging to his Estate:

Consisting of about One Hundred and Sixty

NEGROES,

together with all the stock of Horses, three Mules, Cattle, Sheep, Plantation Utensils, and about 1000 barrels of Corn. Amongst the Negroes are seven very valuable Carpenters, three excellent Blacksmiths, two Millers and some other tradesmen. The greater part, if not the whole, of this valuable property, will be sold on a credit of 12 months; the purchaser giving bond with approved security, to bear interest from the date, if not punctually paid. All sums under twenty dollars must be paid in money.

There is also to dispose of, at private sale, and on the foregoing terms, a number of

LOTS

in Hanover town, county of Hanover, including the Tobacco Warehouses at that place; a House and Lot in the town of Bath, or Berkley Springs, and 3000 acres of

TENNESSEE LANDS,

belonging to said estate.

☞ All persons having claims against said Estate, will please make them known as speedily as possible; and those indebted will, it is hoped, be forward in making payment to

Robert Patton,

Administrator with the Will annexed.

Fredericksburg, Dec. 1. d

TO LET,

A good three story BRICK HOUSE,

On Prince-street, lately occupied by Mr. Lawrence, between the stores of Mr. Ramsey and Mr. Hodgson, possession will be immediately given—for terms apply to AARON HEWES, who lives four doors above, or to

JOHN HARPER, Sen'r

Dec. 10. eo

For Sale, by

ROBERT & JOHN GRAY,

WHEATON's

GENUINE PATENT JAUNDICE

BITTERS,

A MEDICINE extremely useful when Jaundicy and Billious Complaints are so prevalent among the citizens of America and the West Indies. They are a useful and efficacious Medicine for curing Jaundicy and Billious disorders, and removing that sinking, faint, distressed feeling at the stomach, difficulty of breathing, loss of appetite, and sleepy, dull heaviness in the forepart of the day, weakness and trembling of the limbs, dizziness of the head, and yellowness of countenance, complaints so common to jaundicy and billious people.

Also removing constipation of the bowels, obstructions of urine, choliey complaints, pukings and purgings, indigestion, sick head-ache, rheumatic complaints, &c. (which arise from a collection of sour, billious matter in the stomach) and at length restoring the constitution to strength and vigor.

They are also found very useful to carry off worms, and cure ricketty children, and may be used with safety in all constitutions, ages and sexes.

The many cures that have been effected in New England, by the above medicine, (as may be seen in the bills) prevent the necessity of further recommendation.

LIKEWISE,

Wheaton's Patent Itch Ointment.

The only medicine in the world which will certainly cure the ITCH, without having in it any thing either dangerous or disagreeable; it being composed mostly of ingredients never before discovered or used in that disorder. One box cures a person, and there need be no washing after the use of it, as the skin is generally left cleaner and smoother after the use of it than before.

August 2. 2aw6m

JANNEY and PATON

Have just received, per the brig Polly, and for Sale,

24 hhds. } *New England Rum,*
36 bls. }
75 tons Plaister Paris.

And on hand, as usual, a general assortment of GROCERIES. And about

1250 tons Plaister.

Farmers will find it to their interest, when purchasing, to look at this plaister, as they certainly will be able to please themselves as to quality. It lays very convenient to a water carriage, and may be put on board a vessel free of cartage.

Dec. 9 d

Tunis Craven,

Has just received and is now opening at his store in King-Street a few doors above Messrs. Bennett and Watts's, a handsome assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Consisting of superfine broad cloths, and cassimeres, coating, forest cloth, kersey, and half-thicks, striped and rose blankets, frizes, flannels, toilinett and swansdowns, Russia sheeting, ravens duck, dowlas, ticas and ticklenburgs, brown and white platillas, Irish linen, long lawn and fine cotton shirting, an elegant assortment of cambric muslins, white and coloured fine India mull mull and sprigg do. fashionable chintz and calicoes, furniture do. ladies extra long cotton gloves, French and English silk pick nick, & lace do. 6-4 satin stripe and fancy bordered cambric shawls, white and coloured camel's hair do. patent sewing cotton threads, laces, bobbin, &c. &c. The above goods will be disposed of on the usual terms for cash.

Nov. 21. d

I will Rent,

For one year on moderate terms, and give immediate possession, my

HOUSE and LOTS,

in the town of Dumfries, adjoining the court house, and lately occupied by captain George Williams, as a tavern. The terms will be made known on application to Mr. William Smith, of Dumfries, or the subscriber.

The above property will be sold to the highest bidder, on a credit of one, two, and three years, at Prince William court-house, on the 5th day of March next, being court day. A clear and indisputable title will be made to the purchaser, or purchasers, on the day of sale; on he or they giving bonds with approved security, to bear interest from the date if not punctually paid.

A minute description of this property is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed those inclined to rent or purchase, will first view the premises.

James Mitchell.

Dec. 22. 2aw2m

JOSHUA RIDDLE

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has just received a very complete

Assortment of Fall Goods,

consisting of best superfine, fine and coarse cloths, of every colour, kerseymeres, swansdowns, thicksetts, fancy cords, velvets, kerseys, halfthicks, plains and kendal cottons, rose and striped blankets, flannels, baizes, coatings, napt frizes, scarlet cloaks, stockings, ticklenburgs, osnaburgs, Hessian rolls. Also, a variety of

FANCY GOODS,

the whole of which he offers at the most reduced prices, for ready payment, or on the usual credit to those whose punctuality may be relied on.

Nov. 1. d3t 1aw

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM HARTSHORNE,

AT HIS STORE ON SIMMS'S WHARF, LOWER END OF WOLF STREET,

New-England Potatoes,
Coarse Salt,
Midlings and Shoulders of Bacon on very low terms,
Ready made Bags,
Bar Iron,
Philadelphia Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Indian Meal, Rye Meal,
Shorts and Bran,
Superfine Flour in barrels and half barrels,

Large and small vessels may be conveniently accommodated with Wharfage on moderate terms.

STORES to let on the Wharf, or goods received in them on Storage.

A large STORE on Hoe's Wharf to sell or let—with the privilege of receiving and shipping goods free of wharfage.

A small HOUSE on Water Street next door to Major Muntasser's, for sale.

A number of LOTS in good situations for sale or to let on ground rent.

Alex. 12th mo. 20th. eotf

HOUSES TO LET.

THE subscriber having removed from Alexandria, is desirous of letting his TWO HOUSES in Water street, situated upon the north and south corners of Jefferson street. They are well suited to the accommodation of small families, have an uninterrupted and extensive view of Potomac, with well enclosed gardens and necessary out buildings attached.

A few unimproved lots under fence, adjoining the above for rent or sale.

For Particulars apply to Mr. D. W. Scott, nearly opposite the premises, or to R. I. Taylor, Esq King street.

T. HAMILTON.

Dec. 6. eo

To Let,

THE frame Warehouse on King street, two doors above Pitt Street, now occupied by Ambrose Vasse. Possession will be given on the 27th of this month—apply, in the absence of the subscriber, to Col. Dennis Ramsey.

R. I. TAYLOR.

August 15. eo

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 19th of July, a negro man named

MOSES:

he is a tall boney man, about 6 feet high, not very fleshy, has a remarkable scar across the middle of his nose, his hair long and strait for that of a Negro, though not tied. He has been several times seen sculking about Alexandria Any person who will deliver me the said Negro, or secure him and give me information thereof, shall receive the above reward.

AUG: J. SMITH.

Fairfax County,
Aug. 3. eo

In the case of James M'Donald,

A BANKRUPT:

THIS is to give notice, that the Commissioners named and authorised in a commission of bankruptcy awarded and issued against James M'Donald, of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 3d day of January next, at four o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the house of Wm. Rhodes, Inn Keeper, in the city of Washington, where the creditors who have not already proved their debts, may then and there come and prove the same, and assent to or dissent from the allowance of the certificate to said Bankrupt.

By Order of the Commissioners.

LEWIS FORD, Sec'ry.

Washington, Dec. 17. 2aw3t

STOUGHTON's

GENUINE BITTERS,

Faithfully prepared at the original warehouse London.

TO make any observations here, upon the superior quality of these Bitters, to any ever offered for sale, is needless; sufficient to say, that they have stood the test of approbation a great number of years.

Gentlemen, who prefer bitters, will find them an elegant and wholesome preparation; and now, for the first time, imported in quart bottles, as well as vials, which will reduce the price near one half.

☞ Country stores and taverns supplied by the dozen or groce, with a very large allowance in the price, or bartered for country produce, on application to Messrs. Robert and John Gray, booksellers, Alexandria.

Sold also, (Retail)

By Rapine, Conrad and Co. booksellers, Capitol Hill, Washington; John March, bookseller, George Town; Tillisley Graham, Norfolk, and A. Buck, Fredericksburg.

Nov. 15. 3m1aw

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Dr. *Archibald Morton*, are requested to bring them forward to the subscriber properly authenticated, and all such as are indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to JOHN M'CLENACHAN.

PRINTED DAILY BY

S. SNOWDEN.